

Cardell A. Brist

ENGLISH 461 - Final 88

Name Date Score

TRUE AND FALSE PRINT T and F

DO NOT WRITE words

- T 1 Elizabeth Brownings "The Cry of the Children" is a protest against the employment of children in English factories and mines.
- T 2 Her "Sonnets from the Portuguese" were so named as a disguise of her deep love for her husband.
- T 3 The Brownings' love for each other is one of the beautiful love stories in English literature.
- T 4 Dickens' "American Notes" gives information about Philadelphia and its solitary prison.
- ~~T~~ 5 Dickens was not interested in any social problems of the time.
- T 6 Dickens' "Christmas Carol" is probably his most popular work.

(more)

English 461-2

- I 7 Many of his characters are caricatures
- T 8 Dickens was particularly concerned with vagabonds, outcasts, and the middle classes.
- ~~X~~ I 9 Thackeray was interested primarily in satirizing the follies of the snave, polite, leisurely class of people
- I 10 Kingsley's "The Sands of Dee" is a tragedy.
- PT 11 Arthur Hugh Clough, like Arnold was closely linked with doubt and pessimism; however, Arnold lived to outgrow his pessimism but ^{Clough} Arnold did not
- T 12 His most famous poem is "Say Not the Struggle Naught Availeth."
- I 13 Darwin and Huxley were largely responsible for the spread of evolution.
- (more)

- I 14. Thomas W^m. Robertson is the most important early Victorian dramatist.
- I 15. Edward Fitzgerald is now recognized as one of the great translators and letter writers of English literature.
- I 16. His "Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam means" Quatrains of Omar Khayyam."
- ~~I 17.~~ Omar Khayyam was a Russian poet.
- I 18. Fitzgerald's translation reveals great optimism and faith.
- I 19. The most famous essay in Arnold's Culture and Anarchy is "Sweetness and Light."
- I 20. The title is taken from Swift's Battle of the Books in which the ancients are

(more)

Engled 461-4
represented by the Bee and the
moderns by the Spider.

I 21. Arnold is famous for his
keen, analytical critical intellect.

I 22. The main subjects of his
poetry are sadness, loneliness,
inquest of life, and the
unreconcilable conflict between
faith and doubt.

I 23. George Eliot wrote a poem
"O May I Join the Choir
Invisible."

I 24. Ruskin invented the
term "pathetic fallacy."

I 25. By "pathetic fallacy"
he meant the carrying over
to inanimate objects the
moods and passions of
(more)

Eng. 461 - 5

human beings in an overdone,
absurdly imaginative way.

I 26. His famous example is
"They rowed her across the
rolling foam, The cruel,
crawling foam."

I 27. Ruskin believed that all
great art is essentially
religious.

I 28. Ruskin's religious tendencies
were due to the early training
of his mother.

I 29. Ruskin's purpose in all
of his writings was "to
declare the perfectness and
eternal beauty of the work
of God."

I 30. Ruskin's work may be
divided into two main
groups: Art Works and
Social Works
(more)

English 461-6

I 31 Ruskin was a champion of the Pre-Raphaelite School of Art.

I 32 The Pre-Raphaelites protested conventional methods of painting and strove to "regain the spirit of simple devotion and adherence to Nature which they found in Italian religious art before Raphael."

I 33. Frederick Locker-Lampson's "To My Grandmother" belongs to that kind of poetry known as "vers de societe" or "society verse."

I 34 "Society Verse" is verse which is lyrical, sportive, unsophisticated in both subject matter and treatment, and characterized by grace, polish, and ease of expression.
(more)

English 461-7

T 35

Dante Gabriel Rossetti was the head of the literary Pre-Raphaelite movement.

F 36

William Morris wrote a poem "Defence of Guinevere" in which she defends herself against a ^{charge of} charge of murder.

T 37

The Morris chair is named after its inventor Morris.

T 38

Rossetti's "House of Life" takes its title from astrology.

F 39

Poë's "The Raven" represents a lover in heaven grieving for his beloved on earth and Rossetti's "The Blessed Damozel" represents a lover on earth grieving for his dead loved one in heaven.

(more)

English 461 - 8

I 40

Coventry Patmore is known as the "poet of nuptial love."

I 41

Dante Gabriel Rossetti's Sister Helen represents a jilted Helen melting a wax figure of Keith of Evers and through "sympathetic magic" causes her lover to melt away.

I 42

Christina Rossetti's poem concerns the three enemies of the soul as being The Flesh, The World, and The Devil.

~~I~~ 43

Her poem "The Advent" does not show Biblical influence.

I 44

Christina's poetry is mostly lyrical.

I 45

They consist of sonnets, rondeaux, and cards.

(more)

English 461-9

T 46

Her poem "A Birthday" reveals a bright, happy mood.

T 47

Her poem "Uphill" assumes the form of the question and answer device.

T 48

James Thomson is called the most melancholy poet of his generation.

T 49

His reputation rests upon his pessimistic poetry.

T 50

"The City of Dreadful Night" reveals the bleakest despair in English literature.

T 51

London which Thomson walked during the eerie hours of the night because of insomnia was to him a city of horror and death.

(more)

Englid 461-10

T 52 George Meredith's "Modern
Love" is a poem which
diagnoses "the breakdown
of Meredith's first marriage.

T 53 "Love in the Valley" is
a lyric with many
references to the beautiful
aspect of Nature.

T 54 William Schwenck
Gilbert wrote much nonsense
verse.

T 55 Charles Lutwidge
Dodgson under the pen
name of Lewis Carroll
wrote his famous children's
poems about Alice
in Wonderland.

(more)

Englid 461— 10

T

56

In conjunction with Sullivan Gilbert composed comic operas, the most famous of which is "The Mikado."

T

57

Walter Pater was a well-known critic, essayist, novelist who emphasized ideal beauty and perfection of form.

T

58

His most famous field was the Renaissance period.

T

59

Austin Dobson used the rondeau, ballade, and triplet in many of his poems.

T

60

W^m. Ernest Henley's "In Hospital" was the result of his experience in an Edinburgh Hospital.

T

61

His most popular poem is "Invictus" which means "Unconquered."

(more)

English 461-12

T 62

Stevenson's "Requiem" is a "dirge for the repose of the dead."

T 63

Oscar Wilde's "The Battle of Reading Gaol" is "one of the most poignant records of human sufferings in our literature."

T 64

The Aesthetes a group to which Wilde belonged were famous for their eccentricity of dress.

T 65.

"The Hound of Heaven" represents the untiring pursuit of God in His search for reluctant man in order that man may be saved.

Completion

~~Elizabeth B. Browning~~

Elizabeth B. Browning

(more)

English 461-13

who wrote a popular sonnet "How
Do I love Thee" despite a spinal
injury, weak lungs, and a
ruptured blood vessel.

67 A sonnet may be defined as
~~a poem of fourteen iambic pentameter lines~~
A poem of fourteen iambic pentameter
lines.

68 The rhyme scheme for the
Petrarchan sonnet is ~~abba abba~~ abba abba cde
~~cde cde~~ cde

69 The rhyme scheme for the
Spenserian sonnet is
~~abab bcbe cdce ee~~
abab bcbe cdcd ee

70 The rhyme scheme for the
Shakespearean sonnet is
~~abab cdcd efef gg~~
abab cdcd efef gg

(more)

English 46/- 14

The most famous sonnet sequences in English are as follows (place beside the name of the author the name of the sonnet sequence).

71 Shakespeare Lycidas

72 Sidney -

73 Spenser -

74 Rossetti The House of Life

75 Elizabeth Browning Sonnets to the Portuguese

76 Casa Guidi Windows was the name of ~~the house~~ of the house that the Brownings owned in Italy

77 "Sursum Corda" means The House of Windows

78 Give the author of the famous lines
How do I love thee? let me
count the ways... ~~Elizabeth B. Browning~~
Elizabeth B. Browning

(more)

79 ~~No coward soul is mine,
Kingsley Arthur H Clough Christina
Rosetti~~

80 Cloughs "Where lies the land
to which the ship would go"
represents a formula known
as ubi Sunt

81 - 85 The Story of the "Foreaken
Merman" is as follows:

Stories were often told of affairs with
human beings and mermaids or mermen. This was
one such story. Margaret was the human being who
went down to the sea ~~on~~ to live with a merman's
they had some children. One day while she was
at the bottom of the sea, she heard the bells of the
Church on Easter Sunday. She informed her
merman that she must go up to land to pray
for her soul and receive blessings, lest she
would lose it. In addition, she related that
she would return. Well, Margaret never returned
to the sea and each day her children and
the Merman would go up to call her. However, she
never came.

86 Define a merman - ~~a merman is a sea animal that has some human characteristics. Usually, his upper portion of the body is human, and the lower portion is fish.~~

X A merman is a sea animal that has some human characteristics. Usually, his upper portion of the body is human, and the lower is fish, or vice-versa.

Arnold wrote an elegy called "Thyrsis" in honor of
87 Clough Clough

X 88 Three other famous elegies are Milton's "Lycidas" in honor of
Gray Gray

89 Shelley's "Adonais" in honor of
Keats Keats

90 Tennyson's "In Memoriam" in honor of
Walter Hallam

(more)

English 462 - 17

- 91 According to Ruskin there were seven Severn Lamps of Architecture.
- 92 Rossetti's "The Blessed Damozel" complements Poe's "The Raven" in that Rossetti's "The Blessed Damozel" relates the story of a lover in heaven, grieving for his lover on earth. Whereas Poe's "The Raven" relates the story of a lover on earth grieving for his lover in heaven.
- 93 Rossetti's translation of Francois Villon "The Ballad of Dead Ladies" represents the Ubi Sunt formula formula which means
- 94 Where are they

(more)

English 462 - 18

95-98 Rossetti compares the brevity of the sonnet form to nuns, hermits, and students who do not complain of their narrow space respectively of the convent room, the cell, and "the pensive citadels." Therefore he will not (Finish)

~~Complain about writing a sonnet because it is a moment's monument.~~

He will not complain about writing a sonnet because it is a moment's monument, meaning brief. Within the confines of a sonnet, he will write, also, and enjoy it.

English 462 - 19

95-97 Rossetti compares the brevity of the sonnet form to nuns, hermits, and students who do not complain of their narrow space respectively of the convent room, the cell, and the "pensive citadels."

Therefore he will not (find)

Two tragic experiences that Thompson experienced as a child were

98 ~~Thompson's father came home from a sea far voyage paralyzed and mentally unbalanced.~~
Thompson's father came home from a sea voyage paralyzed and mentally unbalanced.

and

99 ~~Two years later, his mother died from a deep case of melancholy.~~

Two years later, his mother died from a deep case of melancholy.

100 ~~As a man he experienced another tragic experience, namely~~

As a man, Thompson, because he refused to inform on someone who committed a wrong act, was discharged from the army encampment

(Find)